Vickers[®]

Accessories

F1-N

Power Amplifiers with Strip Guidance Controller Modules

EEA-PAM-5**-E-32 Series

General Description

A strip guidance controller serves to control the position of an electrohydraulic actuator, using optical sensors.

The controller can be used for strip-edge or strip-center guidance or stack height control.

It consists of a power amplifier for proportional valves, and an integrated module for strip guidance control.

Features and Benefits

- Includes all features of "A" amplifiers
- Input offset compensation
- Strip guidance control
- Voltage or current input sensor interface
- Built-in test feature

For full description of operation, see next page.

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Front Panel	
LEDs [1] 24V power supply input, green [2] 15V control supply output, green [3] Drive (solenoid) enabled, yellow [4] Overload, red [5] LVDT failure, red [6] Drive level to solenoid, yellow	[15] Mode switch - TEST VALVE setting - AUTO function setting - TEST LOOP setting [16] Test potentiometer LEDs [17] Controller active, yellow [18] Sensor out of range, red
Potentiometers 7] Deadband compensation, flow P to B	Potentiometers [19] Maximum closed-loop velocity + [20] Maximum closed-loop velocity -
LED [9] Ramps enabled, yellow Potentiometers [10] Acceleration ramp [11] Deceleration ramp	LEDs [21] Open-loop command (+) active [22] Open-loop command (-) active Potentiometers [23] Open-loop command +
Vonitor points ■ [12] MP1: Conditioned input signal [13] Common ground (0V) [14] MP2: LVDT (spool) position ▲	1 3 5 [24] Open-loop command – Monitor points ■ [25] MP3: Output signal of sensor with current output, non-inverting [26] MP5: Conditioned sensor signal, ±10V full scale
Solenoid current for EEA-PAM-523/525-E models. Ø2,0 mm (0.0787″ dia.) sockets.	[27] MP6: Controller output [28] MP4: Output signal of sensor with current output, inverting

Directive (EMC) 89/336/EEC, amended by 91/263/EEC, 92/31/EEC and 93/68/EEC, article 5. For instructions on installation requirements to achieve effective protection levels, see this leaflet and the Installation Wiring Practices for Vickers Electronic Products leaflet 2468. Wiring practices relevant to this Directive are indicated by Electromagnetic Compatibility (EMC).



Operation

Non-contact optical sensors measure the position of the strip edge. The output from a sensor is an electrical signal, which is fed to the strip guidance controller (signal ranges 0 to 20 mA, 4 to 20 mA, 0 to +10V, or 0 to +24V). When activated, the strip guidance controller maintains the strip edge exactly in the center of the measuring range.

If the position of the strip edge deviates from the center of the measuring range, the controller causes the actuator to move the strip edge back into position.

When closed-loop control is activated by the digital input signal "Automatic", the strip edge is moved from its current position into the measuring range of the sensor. The maximum actuator velocity (forwards and reverse) can be set on the front panel. Whenever the strip edge leaves the measuring range of the sensor, the controller generates a digital output signal which can be processed by the machine controller.

If closed-loop control is not activated, the controller can be operated open-loop. In this case the actuator travels at the velocity set by potentiometer "V+" when digital input "set +" is activated. "V –" and digital input "set –" are used for movements in the reverse direction.

A built-in test function together with front panel monitor points, considerably simplify start-up and fault diagnosis.

Model Codes

Amplifier model	For valves
EEA-PAM-523-E-32	KDG4V-3
EEA-PAM-525-E-32	KDG4V-5
EEA-PAM-533-E-32	KFDG4V-3
EEA-PAM-535-E-32	KFDG4V-5
EEA-PAM-541-E-32	KHDG5V-5/7/8 zero-lap
EEA-PAM-553-E-32	KSDG4V-3
EEA-PAM-561-E-32	KFDG5V-5/7
EEA-PAM-568-E-32	KFDG5V-8
EEA-PAM-581-E-32	KHDG5V-5/7/8

Operating Data

Power supply	zbd32	See appropriate base amplifier, e.g. for EEA-PAM-535-E-32 see EEA-PAM-535-A-32
Control (output) supplies	z22	+15V for LVDTs only
Differential inputs for sensor: Voltage input, non-inverting Voltage input, inverting Current input, non-inverting Current input, inverting	d2 d6 d8 d12	+24V max., $R_i = 100 \text{ k}\Omega$ 24V max., $R_i = 100 \text{ k}\Omega$ 20 mA max., $R_i = 100\Omega$ 20 mA max., $R_i = 100\Omega$
Digital inputs (opto-isolated): Set + Set – Automatic Drive enable Ramp enable	d22 d20 d18 z24 b24	24V DC nom., 20 to 40V DC max., $R_i = 2,7 k\Omega$ 24V DC nom., 20 to 40V DC max., $R_i = 2,7 k\Omega$ 24V DC nom., 20 to 40V DC max., $R_i = 2,7 k\Omega$ Enable = 9,8 to 40V Disable = 0 to 4,8V or open, $R_i = 47 k\Omega$ Enable = 9,8 to 40V Disable = 0 to 4,8V or open, $R_i = 47 k\Omega$

Continued on next page

Digital output (opto-isolated): Out of range d24	24V DC nom. Short-circuit proof. Imax. = 100 mA
Potentiometers: Deadband compensation	Separate controls for each direction from spool-centered position
Ramp time adjustment	Separate controls for acceleration and deceleration
Closed-loop velocities	Separate controls for forward and reverse 5 to 100%
Open-loop command	Separate controls for forward and reverse 0 to 100%
Monitor points (Numbers corresponding to the numbering on the front panel and in the circuit diagram)	 MP1: Conditioned input signal, ±10V MP2 LVDT (spool) position, ±10V▲ MP3: Output signal of sensor with current output, non-inverting 0 to 2V = 0 to 20 mA MP4: Output signal of sensor with current output, inverting 0 to 2V = 0 to 20 mA MP5: Conditioned sensor signal, ±10V MP6: Controller output, ±10V All monitor points are short-circuit proof. In all cases: R(out) = 10 kΩ
Alarm output: z12 Set alarm Signal	Enable amplifier (on pin z24) when switching power on HIGH when alarm is activated Output = Supply volts minus 2 volts I = 50 mA max. LOW when solenoid overload has occurred. (Maintained until reset) Output = 0 to $+/-2$ volts Output resistance = 50 ohms
Reset after failure	Disable and re-enable on pin z24
Test facilities	 3-position switch for: Valve test mode Controller test mode Automatic operation mode Caution: Before setting the mode switch to either "Test valve" or "Test loop" ensure that the test potentiometer is set to "0", otherwise sudden movements of the actuator may occur.
Operating temperature	0 to 50°C (32 to 122°F)
Storage temperature	−25 to +85°C (−13 to +185°F)
Mass	0,4 kg (0.88 lb) approx.
Installation and start-up guidelines (supplied with product) Installation wiring requirements for Vickers electronic products Application notes (available on request)	9170 2468 9062
Supporting products: Power unit options Electronic accessories Portable test equipment	See catalogs: 2419 2460 2462 and 2315

▲ Solenoid current for EEA-PAM-523/525-E models.

Circuit and Connections

EEA-PAM-533/535-E example

Read circuit in conjunction with that for relevant base amplifier EEA-PAM-5**-A



- Customer's protective ground connection.

See footnote at bottom of "Application Examples".

Solenoid current for EEA-PAM-523/525-E models.

Warning: Electromagnetic Compatibility (EMC)

It is necessary to ensure that the valve is wired up in accordance with the connection arrangements shown in this leaflet. For effective protection, the user's electrical cabinet, the valve subplate or manifold and the cable screens should be connected to efficient earth (ground) points. The metal 7-pin connector part no. 934939 should be used for the integral amplifier.

In all cases, both valve and cable should be kept as far away as possible from any source of electromagnetic radiation such as cables carrying heavy current, relays and certain kinds of portable radio transmitters, etc. Difficult environments could mean that extra screening may be necessary to avoid the interference.

Solenoid and LVDT Connections for Proportional Valves

Amplifier type	Solenoid with LVDT	Solenoid without LVDT, or on pilot	Pilot-stage LVDT, (black plug):				Main-stage LVDT, (gray plug):			
	flow P to B	valve	Pin 1	Pin 2	Pin 3	Pin 4	Pin 1	Pin 2	Pin 3	Pin 4
EEA-PAM-523-E-32	b26/b28	z26/z28	_	_	_	Not connected	_	_	_	Not connected
EEA-PAM-525-E-32	b26/b28	z26/z28	_	_	_	Not connected	_	_	_	Not connected
EEA-PAM-533-E-32	b26/b28	z26/z28	_	_	_	Not connected	b14	z22	b16	Not connected
EEA-PAM-535-E-32	b26/b28	z26/z28	_	_	_	Not connected	b14	z22	b16	Not connected
EEA-PAM-541-E-32	_	z26/z28	z14	z22	z16	Not connected	b14	z22	b16	Not connected
EEA-PAM-553-E-32	_	z26/z28	_	_	_	Not connected	b14	z22	b16	Not connected
EEA-PAM-561-E-32	_	z26/z28	_	_	_	Not connected	b14	z22	b16	Not connected
EEA-PAM-568-E-32	_	z26/z28	_	_	_	Not connected	b14	z22	b16	Not connected
EEA-PAM-581-E-32	_	z26/z28	z14	z22	z16	Not connected	b14	z22	b16	Not connected

Installation Dimensions in mm (inches)

Plug-in Unit of 3U Height, to IEC 297





M2,5 x 11 (0.43) long collar screws supplied with panel for fixing





EEA-PAM-533/535-E amplifiers with KFDG4V-3/5 valves

Strip guidance control, stack height control

Position sensor with current output



Strip-center guidance control

Position sensor with current output



Position sensor with voltage output



Position sensor with voltage output



Other amplifier/valve combinations differ in respect to the LVDT and solenoid connections; see catalog 2464 for the relevant base amplifier EEA-PAM-5**-A-32. \perp Customer's protective ground connection.